Introduction to ARCHER

Outline of course



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Course Parameters

- Pre-requisites
 - Familiarity with parallel programming is assumed
 - E.g. you have previous experience on
 - other HPC systems
 - compute clusters
 - Or have attended the "Hands-on Introduction to HPC" course





Learning Outcomes

- On completion of this course attendees should be able to:
 - Understand the ARCHER hardware environment.
 - Compile and run parallel programs on ARCHER.
 - Port applications to ARCHER.
 - Undertake the ARCHER driving test
 - http://www.archer.ac.uk/training/course-material/online/driving_test.php
 - on successful completion of the test, you can apply for an account an 80,000 core-hours (1,200 "kAUs") on ARCHER for a 12-month period





ARCHER Service

Overview and Introduction





ARCHER Partners

- EPSRC
 - Managing partner on behalf of RCUK
- Cray
 - Hardware provider
- EPCC
 - Service Provision (SP) Systems, Helpdesk, Administration, Overall Management (also input from STFC Daresbury Laboratory)
 - Computational Science and Engineering (CSE) In-depth support, training, embedded CSE (eCSE) funding calls
 - Hosting of hardware datacentre, infrastructure, etc.





EPCC's Advanced Computing Facility









ARCHER in a nutshell

- UK National Supercomputing Service
 - £43 million 4-year project from 2013
- Cray XC30 Hardware
 - Nodes based on 2×Intel Ivy Bridge 12-core processors
 - 64GB (or 128GB) memory per node
 - 4920 nodes in total (118080 cores)
 - Linked by Cray Aries interconnect (dragonfly topology)
- Cray Application Development Environment
 - Cray, Intel, GNU Compilers (all support OpenMP)
 - Cray Parallel Libraries (including optimised MPI)
 - DDT Debugger, Cray Performance Analysis Tools





Storage

- /home NFS mounted, not accessible on compute nodes
 - For source code and critical files
 - Backed up
 - > 200 TB total
- /work Lustre, accessible on all nodes
 - High-performance parallel filesystem
 - Not backed-up
 - > 4PB total
- RDF GPFS, not accessible on compute nodes
 - Research Data Facility
 - Long term data storage





Data Management

- Most of your online storage is in /work/
 - fast but not backed up!
 - you must not rely on /work/ for storage of critical data
 - you should copy elsewhere, e.g. the RDF
- For advice and instructions
 - http://www.archer.ac.uk/documentation/data-management/





What is it used for?









Summary

ARCHER is a Cray XC30

- It uses standard Intel processors
 - 2 processors per node, 24 cores per shared-memory Linux node
 - 64 GB memory on the majority of nodes (some have 128 GB)
 - Nodes similar to many other HPC systems
- Cray ARIES switch
 - High performance, optimised for large parallel jobs
 - Standard usage but can get very good performance
- Large storage and high performance filesystem
 - 4 PB high performance filesystem; 200 TB home space
- Intel, GNU, and Cray compilers
 - Lots of standard scientific packages, libraries, and software installed
- Compute nodes accessed via PBS batch system



