

Collective Communications



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Collective Communication

- Communications involving a group of processes.
- Called by all processes in a communicator.
- Examples:
 - Barrier synchronisation.
 - Broadcast, scatter, gather.
 - Global sum, global maximum, etc.

Characteristics of Collective Comms

- Collective action over a communicator.
- All processes must communicate.
- Synchronisation may or may not occur.
- Standard collective operations are blocking.
 - non-blocking versions recently introduced into MPI 3.0
 - may be useful in some situations but not yet commonly employed
 - obvious extension of blocking version: extra request parameter
- No tags.
- Receive buffers must be exactly the right size.

Barrier Synchronisation

- C:

```
int MPI_Barrier (MPI_Comm comm)
```

- Fortran:

```
MPI_BARRIER (COMM, IERROR)
```

```
INTEGER COMM, IERROR
```

Broadcast

- C:

```
int MPI_Bcast (void *buffer, int count,  
                MPI_Datatype datatype, int root,  
                MPI_Comm comm)
```

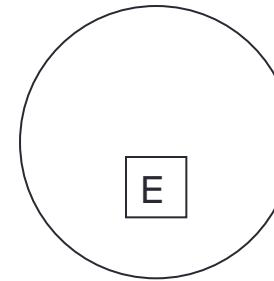
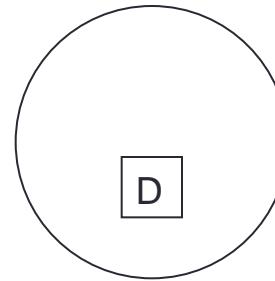
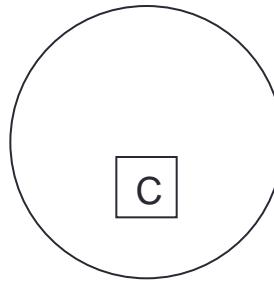
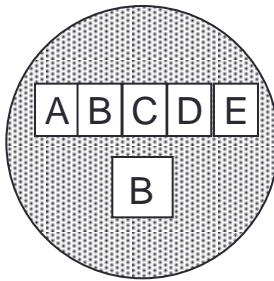
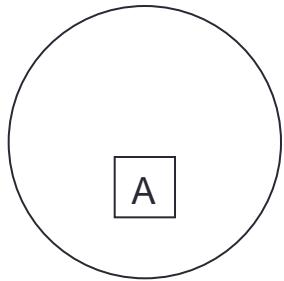
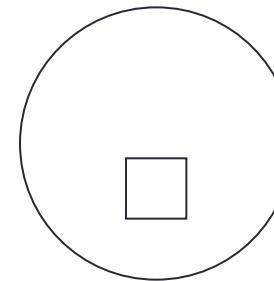
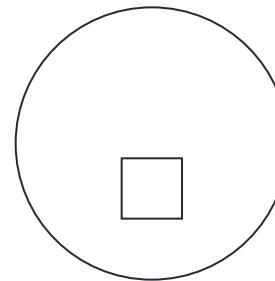
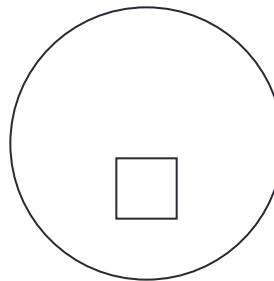
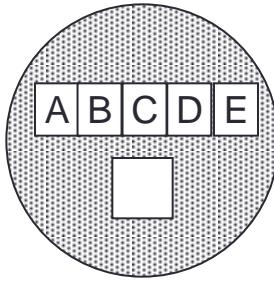
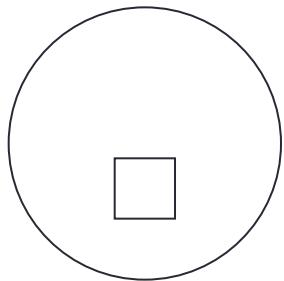
- Fortran:

```
MPI_BCAST (BUFFER, COUNT, DATATYPE, ROOT,  
           COMM, IERROR)
```

```
<type> BUFFER(*)
```

```
INTEGER COUNT, DATATYPE, ROOT, COMM, IERROR
```

Scatter



Scatter

- C:

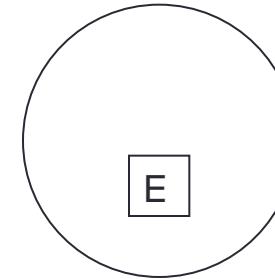
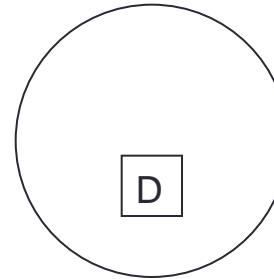
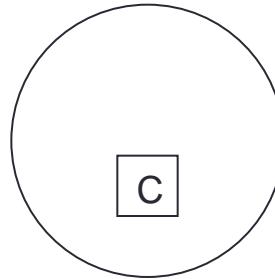
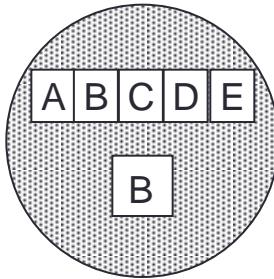
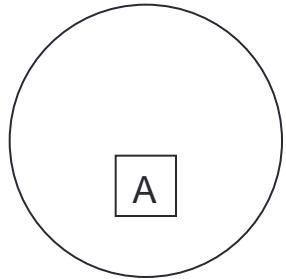
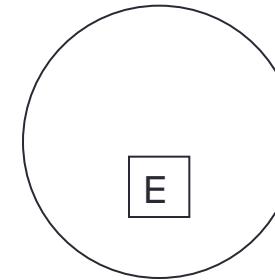
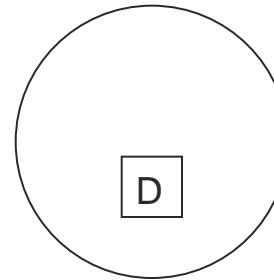
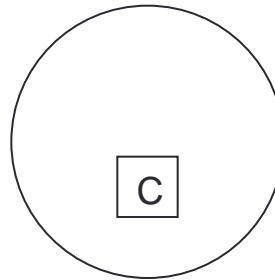
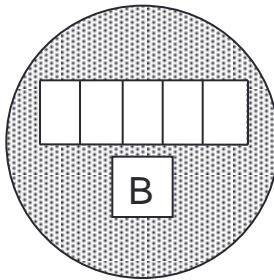
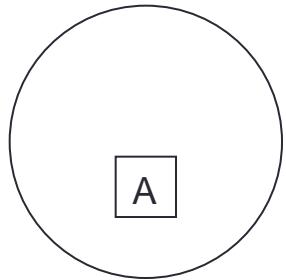
```
int MPI_Scatter(void *sendbuf,  
                int sendcount, MPI_Datatype sendtype,  
                void *recvbuf, int recvcount,  
                MPI_Datatype recvtype, int root,  
                MPI_Comm comm)
```

- Fortran:

```
MPI_SCATTER(SENDBUF, SENDCOUNT, SENDTYPE,  
            RECVBUF, RECVCOUNT, RECVTYPE,  
            ROOT, COMM, IERROR)
```

```
<type> SENDBUF, RECVBUF  
INTEGER SENDCOUNT, SENDTYPE, RECVCOUNT  
INTEGER RECVTYPE, ROOT, COMM, IERROR
```

Gather



Gather

- C:

```
int MPI_Gather(void *sendbuf, int sendcount,  
               MPI_Datatype sendtype, void *recvbuf,  
               int recvcount, MPI_Datatype recvtype,  
               int root, MPI_Comm comm)
```

- Fortran:

```
MPI_GATHER(SENDBUF, SENDCOUNT, SENDTYPE,  
RECVBUF, REVCOUNT, RECVTYPE,  
ROOT, COMM, IERROR)
```

```
<type> SENDBUF, RECVBUF  
INTEGER SENDCOUNT, SENDTYPE, REVCOUNT  
INTEGER RECVTYPE, ROOT, COMM, IERROR
```

Global Reduction Operations

- Used to compute a result involving data distributed over a group of processes.
- Examples:
 - global sum or product
 - global maximum or minimum
 - global user-defined operation

Predefined Reduction Operations

MPI Name	Function
MPI_MAX	Maximum
MPI_MIN	Minimum
MPI_SUM	Sum
MPI_PROD	Product
MPI_LAND	Logical AND
MPI_BAND	Bitwise AND
MPI_LOR	Logical OR
MPI_BOR	Bitwise OR
MPI_LXOR	Logical Exclusive OR
MPI_BXOR	Bitwise Exclusive OR
MPI_MAXLOC	Maximum and location
MPI_MINLOC	Minimum and location

MPI_Reduce

- C:

```
int MPI_Reduce(void *sendbuf, void *recvbuf,  
               int count, MPI_Datatype datatype,  
               MPI_Op op, int root, MPI_Comm comm)
```

- Fortran:

```
MPI_REDUCE(SENDBUF, RECVBUF, COUNT,  
            DATATYPE, OP, ROOT, COMM, IERROR)
```

<type> SENDBUF, RECVBUF

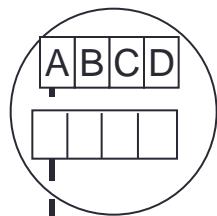
INTEGER SENDCOUNT, SENDTYPE, REVCOUNT

INTEGER RECVTYPE, ROOT, COMM, IERROR

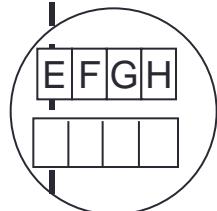
MPI_REDUCE

Rank

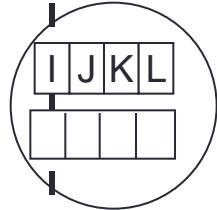
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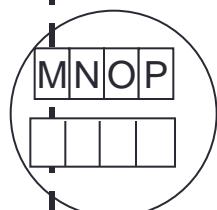
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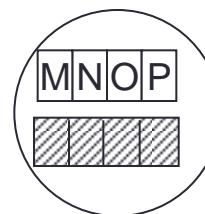
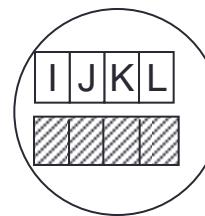
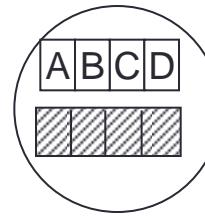
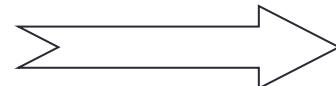
2



3



MPI_REDUCE



AoEoloM

Example of Global Reduction

Integer global sum

- C:

```
MPI_Reduce(&x, &result, 1, MPI_INT,  
            MPI_SUM, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD)
```

- Fortran:

```
CALL MPI_REDUCE(x, result, 1, MPI_INTEGER,  
                 MPI_SUM, 0,  
                 MPI_COMM_WORLD, ierror)
```

- Sum of all the **x** values is placed in **result**.
- The result is only placed there on processor 0.

User-Defined Reduction Operators

- Reducing using an arbitrary operator, o

- C - function of type **MPI_User_Function**:

```
void my_op (void *invec, void *inoutvec, int *len,  
            MPI_Datatype *datatype)
```

- Fortran - external subprogram of type

```
SUBROUTINE MY_OP(INVEC(*), INOUTVEC(*), LEN,  
                  DATATYPE)
```

```
<type>    INVEC(LEN), INOUTVEC(LEN)
```

```
INTEGER    LEN, DATATYPE
```

Reduction Operator Functions

- Operator function for \circ must act as

```
for (i = 1 to len)
    inoutvec(i) = inoutvec(i)  $\circ$  invec(i)
```

- Operator \circ need not commute, but must be associative

Registering User-Defined Operator

- Operator handles have type `MPI_Op` or `INTEGER`

- C:

```
int MPI_Op_create(MPI_User_function *my_op,  
                  int commute, MPI_Op *op)
```

- Fortran:

```
MPI_OP_CREATE (MY_OP, COMMUTE, OP, IERROR)
```

```
EXTERNAL MY_OP  
LOGICAL COMMUTE  
INTEGER OP, IERROR
```

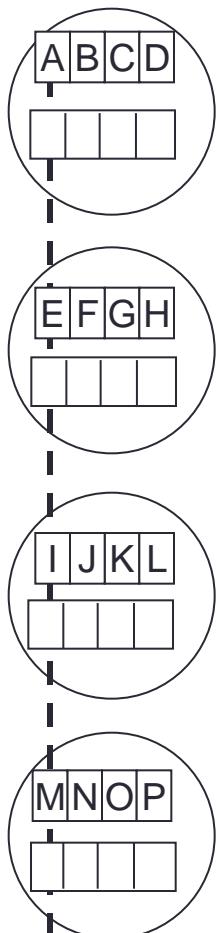
Variants of MPI_REDUCE

- **MPI_Allreduce** no root process
- **MPI_Reduce_scatter** result is scattered
- **MPI_Scan** “parallel prefix”

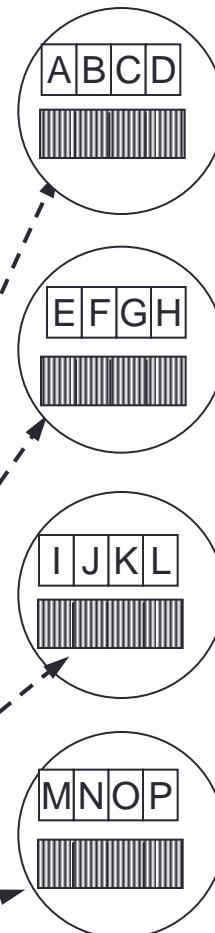
MPI_ALLREDUCE

Rank

0



MPI_ALLREDUCE



AoEoloM

MPI_ALLREDUCE

Integer global sum

- C:

```
int MPI_Allreduce(void* sendbuf,  
                  void* recvbuf, int count,  
                  MPI_Datatype datatype,  
                  MPI_Op op, MPI_Comm comm)
```

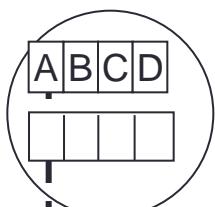
- Fortran:

```
MPI_ALLREDUCE (SENDBUF, RECVBUF, COUNT,  
                DATATYPE, OP, COMM, IERROR)
```

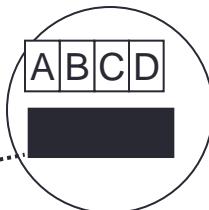
MPI_SCAN

Rank

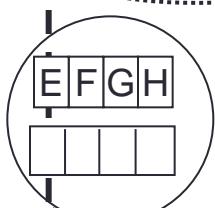
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A



1

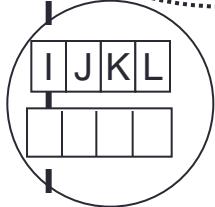


MPI_SCAN

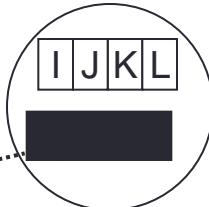
AoE



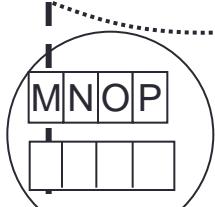
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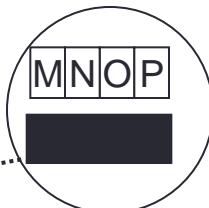
AoEoI



3



AoEoIoM



MPI_SCAN

Integer partial sum

- C:

```
int MPI_Scan(void* sendbuf, void* recvbuf,  
             int count, MPI_Datatype datatype,  
             MPI_Op op, MPI_Comm comm)
```

- Fortran:

```
MPI_SCAN(SENDBUF, RECVBUF, COUNT,  
         DATATYPE, OP, COMM, IERROR)
```

Exercise

- See Exercise 5 on the sheet
- Rewrite the pass-around-the-ring program to use MPI global reduction to perform its global sums.
- Then rewrite it so that each process computes a partial sum